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# Predicting the World Cup 



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## Possible

Techniques

- Tactics / Formation (4-4-2, 3-5-1 etc.)
- Space, movement and constraints
- Data on passes attempted and received
- Agent-based simulation? Robo soccer? Computer games?
- Picking a team
- Data on who was playing whenever Rooney scored
- Combinatorial optimisation
- Statistical modelling of matches
- Data on goals scored in each match
- Poisson model, Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC)
- Data on win/draw/lose
- Probit model
- Prediction distinct from Explanation


## Why MCMC?

- Data readily available
- BBC Sport website, FIFA website, etc.
- Answers interesting questions
- Who is likely to win this match?
- What odds of it ending 5-1?
- Answers these questions on a large scale
- Dozens of matches from one model


## Procedure

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- Get dataset
- Fit mathematical model (training)
- Don’t overfit model (validation)
- Predict outcomes or estimate odds (test)
- Go to William Hill, Ladbrokes etc.


## Some Reading

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- Dixon \& Coles (1997)
- Karlis (2003)
- Graham \& Stott (2008)
- Spiegelhalter \& Ng (2009)
- Greenhough et al. (2002)
- Denis Campbell, The Observer, Sunday 28 May 2006


## The model

- Let \# goals scored by i against j be Poisson-distributed with parameter lambda $=\left(A_{i} / D_{j}\right)$
where
$A_{i}$ is Attacking strength of $i$
$D_{j}$ is Defensive strength of $j$


## Premier League

- 20 teams in division so 20 attack +20 defence $=40$ unknowns
- But every team will play every other home and away
$20 \times 19=380$ matches per season
- Use some of this as training data, some as validation and predict the rest
- Network of known results constrains the unknown parameters
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assumptions (1)
- Poisson distribution
- Scoring one goal is no more likely after scoring three than after scoring none
- No confidence / morale effects, no learning
- 9:0 shouldn't appear every other season (nor every other century?)
- Alternatives
- Weibull function (Discretised)
- Two parameters (alpha, beta) in place of lambda
- Negative Binomial


## Questionable

assumptions (2)

- Same parameters all season?
- New teams members in August and January
- Rain-soaked pitches lead to defensive mistakes (esp. in November)
- Fatigue (African Cup of Nations, Europe)
- Injuries
- Managerial "tinkering", "rotation"
- Extra parameters for seasonality?


## Can we gamble?

- Bookmakers' odds reflect:
- their need to make a profit
- so implied probabilities will not sum up to 1
- their need to hedge bets
- 1 million patriots bet on England
- more information than just past results
- e.g. Rio Ferdinand is out! (8 to 1, from 7 to 1)
- Identify undervalued outcomes
- E.g. bet against the favourite
- Operate on a large scale (Expensive!)


## MCMC Simulation

- Each combination of $20 \times 2$ parameters represents a possible system state
- During simulation system jumps from state to (more likely) state
- Over time system tends to something close to the most likely state (hopefully)
- The parameter values that best fit the data


## Max Likelihood

- Likelihood Ratio P(Results data | Theory1) P (Results data | Theory2)
- $P(X=x)=$ lambdax * $e^{-l a m b d a} / x$ !
- Algorithm options:
- Always adopt the larger (Ascent)
- Random choice stratified using odds ratio (Gibbs sampling)


## Log Likelihood

- Likelihood of the theory parameters:

P( Goals scored $\left.X_{i j}=x \mid X_{i j} \sim \operatorname{Pois}\left(A_{i} / D_{j}\right)\right)$

- Multiply corresponding probability for each goal score (home, away) for each match in data set
- Equivalently: Sum the log likelihoods
- Assumptions!
- Every match result is independent of every other
- Goals scored is independent of goals conceded


## Validation data

- Use separate validation data to demonstrate when model is over-fit to training data
- Likelihood given validation data peaks
- Around 13000 iterations in this example



## Premiership <br> 2009-10

| Team | HP | AP | GH | GCH | GA | GCA | H_Att | H_Def | A_Att | A_Def |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Man Utd | 17 | 16 | 2.65 | 0.65 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 1.55 | 1.48 | 1.40 | 1.00 |
| Chelsea | 16 | 17 | 3.25 | 0.88 | 1.88 | 0.94 | 1.45 | 0.65 | 1.43 | 1.32 |
| Everton | 17 | 16 | 1.88 | 1.18 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 1.43 | 1.02 | 1.37 | 0.80 |
| Liverpool | 16 | 17 | 2.50 | 0.81 | 0.82 | 1.18 | 1.41 | 1.34 | 0.52 | 1.45 |
| Arsenal | 17 | 16 | 2.59 | 0.88 | 1.94 | 1.19 | 1.40 | 0.96 | 1.33 | 1.26 |
| Man City | 15 | 17 | 2.20 | 1.07 | 1.82 | 1.41 | 1.38 | 0.98 | 1.38 | 0.67 |
| Hull | 15 | 17 | 1.40 | 1.47 | 0.59 | 2.59 | 1.25 | 0.82 | 0.58 | 0.54 |
| Aston Villa | 16 | 16 | 1.63 | 0.81 | 1.13 | 1.19 | 1.16 | 1.09 | 0.93 | 0.93 |
| West Ham | 16 | 17 | 1.56 | 1.63 | 0.88 | 1.82 | 1.08 | 0.59 | 0.61 | 0.59 |
| Fulham | 16 | 16 | 1.50 | 0.75 | 0.69 | 1.56 | 1.08 | 1.38 | 0.57 | 0.68 |
| Stoke | 17 | 15 | 1.35 | 1.12 | 0.60 | 1.07 | 1.07 | 0.74 | 0.57 | 1.17 |
| Tottenham | 16 | 16 | 2.19 | 0.63 | 1.44 | 1.38 | 1.05 | 1.42 | 1.26 | 0.95 |
| Birmingham | 17 | 16 | 1.00 | 0.71 | 1.06 | 1.63 | 1.02 | 1.29 | 0.91 | 0.65 |
| Sunderland | 17 | 16 | 1.76 | 1.00 | 0.88 | 2.13 | 1.02 | 1.13 | 0.83 | 0.57 |
| Bolton | 17 | 16 | 1.29 | 1.65 | 0.88 | 2.06 | 1.01 | 0.72 | 0.67 | 0.54 |
| Blackburn | 16 | 17 | 1.50 | 0.88 | 0.65 | 2.12 | 0.99 | 1.18 | 0.49 | 0.65 |
| Portsmouth | 17 | 16 | 1.18 | 1.71 | 0.50 | 1.94 | 0.96 | 0.59 | 0.52 | 0.61 |
| Burnley | 17 | 16 | 1.24 | 1.41 | 0.69 | 2.94 | 0.75 | 0.61 | 0.59 | 0.63 |
| Wigan | 16 | 17 | 0.88 | 1.25 | 0.94 | 2.59 | 0.61 | 0.75 | 0.85 | 0.56 |
| Wolverhampton | 16 | 17 | 0.63 | 1.25 | 1.06 | 1.82 | 0.60 | 1.04 | 1.02 | 0.78 |

- $4^{\text {th }}$ April, 2-3 matches to go


## Prediction

reliability?

- 2009-10 saw a tight contest at top and bottom!
- Even with 3 games to go prediction was inaccurate

|  | 16-Mar-10 | 21-Mar-10 | $04-$ Apr-10 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Man Utd | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Arsenal | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Chelsea | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Tottenham | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Aston Villa | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Man City | 6 | 5 | 4 |
| Liverpool | 7 | 7 | 6 |
| Everton | 8 | 8 | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Hull | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| West Ham | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| Portsmouth | 19 | 20 | 19 |
| Burnley | 20 | 19 | 20 |

## The World Cup

- 32 nations, selected from 207, 6 continents
- Fit FIFA data for last 5 years
- World \& Continental competitions
- Qualifiers (Home + Away)
- Finals (Usually only one Home team)
- Friendlies (Home or Away)
- Few inter-continental matches
- Longer time scale
- 2-3 matches, then long breaks
- Finals: 7 matches in 5 weeks
- Given model of teams simulate the tournament
- Sample scores for each match
- Calculate points, winners
- Repeat 10000 times
- Estimate odds for:
- Particular teams reaching the Last 16, Quarter Finals etc. and Winning the competition


## Beat the bookies

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- Estimate odds
- If bookmakers offer longer odds...
- England (rows) vs. USA (columns)
- None of these are tempting

|  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 12.1 | 14.2 | 34.2 | 121.1 | 564.5 |
| 1 | 6.7 | 7.9 | 19.6 | 70.4 | 329.6 |
| 2 | 8.0 | 9.4 | 23.0 | 82.5 | 385.6 |
| 3 | 14.7 | 17.2 | 41.2 | 145.5 | 677.2 |
| 4 | 35.8 | 41.6 | 97.6 | 341.5 | 1585.0 |

## Parameters fit and

estimated chances

| Group | Team | Att | Def | Rank_Att | Rank_Def | Failed | GR | GW | QF | SF | F |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| G | Brazil | 4.32 | 2.79 | 1 | 2 | $6.3 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $12.7 \%$ | $17.5 \%$ | $15.4 \%$ | $10.8 \%$ |
| D | Germany | 4.12 | 2.08 | 2 | 15 | $16.6 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ | $19.6 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ |
| H | Spain | 3.23 | 2.79 | 4 | 2 | $13.9 \%$ | $12.6 \%$ | $19.7 \%$ | $15.9 \%$ | $18.9 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ |
| E | Netherlands | 2.93 | 3.23 | 5 | 1 | $19.0 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ | $32.8 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ |
| B | Argentina | 3.39 | 2.18 | 3 | 10 | $20.7 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ | $15.8 \%$ | $23.0 \%$ | $12.7 \%$ | $11.6 \%$ |
| C | England | 2.79 | 2.41 | 7 | 6 | $10.3 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ | $28.8 \%$ | $18.6 \%$ | $14.9 \%$ | $9.2 \%$ |
| A | France | 2.53 | 2.65 | 11 | 4 | $24.7 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $23.2 \%$ | $12.1 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ |
| F | Italy | 2.53 | 2.53 | 11 | 5 | $15.7 \%$ | $14.6 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $23.8 \%$ | $11.4 \%$ | $3.5 \%$ |
| D | Serbia | 2.93 | 1.89 | 5 | 26 | $43.0 \%$ | $14.0 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $11.4 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ |
| E | Denmark | 2.65 | 2.18 | 8 | 10 | $41.9 \%$ | $12.1 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $23.6 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ |
| G | Portugal | 2.41 | 2.29 | 16 | 9 | $39.2 \%$ | $26.3 \%$ | $7.1 \%$ | $15.3 \%$ | $9.0 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ |
| A | Uruguay | 2.53 | 1.89 | 11 | 26 | $41.1 \%$ | $17.9 \%$ | $11.4 \%$ | $18.1 \%$ | $7.3 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ |
| B | Greece | 1.63 | 2.18 | 56 | 10 | $61.0 \%$ | $17.6 \%$ | $9.2 \%$ | $8.6 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ |
| C | USA | 2.08 | 1.63 | 27 | 40 | $38.3 \%$ | $30.6 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ | $11.5 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ |
| H | Chile | 1.98 | 1.71 | 31 | 35 | $67.3 \%$ | $19.4 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ |
| H |  |  |  |  |  |  | $0.1 \%$ |  |  |  |  |

## Any tips?

- Model says Brazil have odds of 2.1 to 1
- William Hill offer 9 to 2 (=4.5:1)
- England bad bet at 18 to 1 (WH: 8 to 1)
- Germany best bet:
- Model says 11 to 2 (WH: 14 to 1!)
- Denmark, Serbia also undervalued
- Forget Italy, Portugal
- It's not going to be USA, Chile or Greece either...


## Surprised?

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- Germany again?!?
- Had Home advantage 4 years ago
- Ballack is out this time
- Bundesliga uses balls from Adidas
-Why are Spain not higher?


## Easy group?

- Ranked by Chance of getting at least this far

| Group | Team | Rank_GR | Rank_GW | Rank_QF | Rank_SF | Rank_F | Rank_W |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| G | Brazil | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| D | Germany | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| H | Spain | 3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| E | Netherlands | 6 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| B | Argentina | 7 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 |
| C | England | 2 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| A | France | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| F | Italy | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 8 |
| D | Serbia | 13 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 9 |
| E | Denmark | 12 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| G | Portugal | 10 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 13 | 11 |
| A | Uruguay | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 11 | 12 |
| B | Greece | 20 | 20 | 23 | 20 | 20 | 19 |
| C | USA | 9 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 21 |
| H | Chile | 24 | 26 | 27 | 26 | 26 | 26 |

- Spain could face Brazil, Portugal or Ivory Coast in the Last 16
- Things get tougher for England after the Group stage


## Extensions

- Reweighted data by age
- Let importance of result decay exponentially over time
- Focus on last 12 months
- Spain now become favourite
- England still only 5\% chance!


## Any lessons?

- We model (adaptive!) human social behaviour
- Use MCMC to fit network data
- As in Siena / stocnet (ERGM)
- Energy models (my PhD topic)
- Individuals energise/de-energise each other when they interact
- This affects future interactions
- interaction ritual chains theory (Collins)
- Stratification: success breeds success (as in science)
- Learning models (Learning to beat $x$ ? To fear $x$ ?)

